

E-Learning

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1. Introduction

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economy and society they serve with their lives.

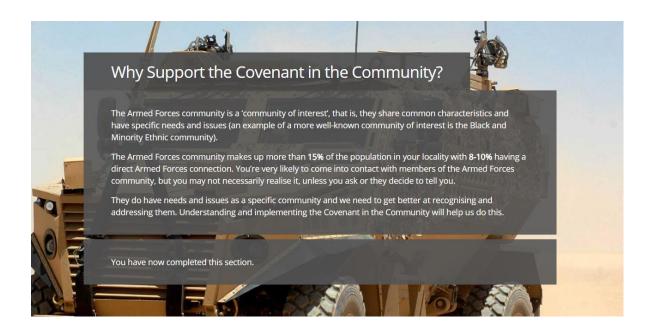
The Armed Forces Covenant is supported by the Covenant in the Community, a partnership agreement between statutory, military and voluntary sector agencies who work together to honour and implement the national Armed Forces Covenant at a local level.

Select the arrow to the left of the image below to learn more.

The Covenant in the Community aims to:

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- encourage local communities to support the Armed Forces community in their areas and to nurture public understanding and awareness among the public of issues affecting the Armed Forces community
- recognise and remember the sacrifices faced by the Armed Forces community, including an individual's commitment when serving to potentially be placed in harm's way
- encourage activities which help to integrate the Armed Forces community into local life...
 More





2. Fact or Fiction

• 6 fact or fiction questions – PTSD, prison system numbers, suicide rate, homeless population and mental illness.

| Fact or Fiction? | |
|--|---|
| Is the following statement fact or fiction? Most ex-Servicemen and women are fit and health psychologically damaged by experiences of armed Select your answer, then scroll down to continue. | y and psychologically sound rather than physically or conflict. |
| FACT | FICTION |

3. Military and Civilian Worlds

| | A View From The Inside |
|---|--|
| | Now we have a series of short video clips featuring Warrant Officer Class 2 (WO2) Andy Johnstone, who spent 25 years in the Scots Guards and saw active service in a number of locations around the world. |
| | In these videos, Andy provides an insight into his experiences of being in the Armed Forces and the impact this has had on him. |
| | Please note, these are Andy's personal views and not necessarily those of the Ministry of Defence (MOD). |
| | Select the play button to get started. |
| K | |

• Videos – living with risk, losing a brother, absence from the family, career development and personal support. Each about 2 minutes long.



4. Our Stories

| Jar | red | AT AN AND |
|-------|--|---|
| | | |
| Socia | al Housing. However, when he does so he is inform | |
| | | |
| Choo | ose your answer, then select Submit. | |
| 0 | Yes. Many Councils have residency requirements, and i | n some cases the requirement is longer than two years. |
| 0 | No. The regulations have been changed to allow Servic the area in which they are serving or have served. | e personnel to counter the need for a 'local connection' with |
| | Submit | Show feedback |
| | Jaree Serv Jaree Socia resid | O No. The regulations have been changed to allow Service the area in which they are serving or have served. |

Education

The nature of Service life means that Armed Forces families must be flexible. This can affect families and children when it comes to education and schooling.

Select the arrow to see some of the issues affecting education.



Service families have to live highly mobile lifestyles because they are part of the Armed Forces. Some personnel can be posted around the UK every 18 months to 3 years and many have to choose whether to move their families too, or live apart. This can lead to frequent changes in schools and it is not unusual for Service children to have been in more than five schools before they reach secondary school age.

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| Education and Schooling | | |
|--|---|--|
| A military family have received a short notice posting to allocated accommodation yet, but don't want to delay a child. Local school places are full, although the local mil postings to and from the barracks. | pplying for a school place for their six year old | |
| The family has been told that they need a local address before an application for a school place can be processed. | | |
| Is this advice true or false? | | |
| O True, the family will need a local address before the ap | plication can be processed. | |
| O False, the family doesn't need a local address before the application can be processed. | | |
| Submit | Feedback | |

| | James | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | Six months into the lease Michael decides to return home to Manchester leaving James to keep up with the rent, which he is unable to do and so rapidly gets into arrears. James is being threatened with eviction and doesn't know where to turn. What would you advise him to do? | |
| WTTTTT WIRKING | Choose your answer(s), then select Submit to see how you did. | |
| | Contact the Citizens Advice Bureau | |
| | Contact the local Council to see if they can house him | |
| | Take out an interest free credit card to cover the arrears | |
| 22 | Submit Show feedback | |



Finances

The financial impact of leaving the Services can be significant. It may well be the first time the Service leaver has had to budget for themselves. The point at which they leave can be an expensive time with paying deposits for accommodation and/or upfront for utility services. It may take some time to find paid employment and the pay may not be what they are used to.

Lucinda served as an Analyst in the RAF for six years. Select play to hear about her financial experiences on leaving.



Transition

The vast majority of people who leave the Armed Forces transition successfully, but many of them go through a period of change and adjustment to civilian life. The longer they've been in the Armed Forces, the greater the adjustment can be. There is also a significant minority who struggle with adjustment and can experience difficulties.

Adjustment to civilian life can affect families as well, as they may well have been part of the Service community for many years too. There are also those who adjust well to begin with, but who find that something de-rails them later on, such as the loss of a partner or job.

Research carried out by the Forces in Mind Trust identified a number of transition issues experienced by individuals leaving the Services. These are based on their Service careers as well as their experiences before joining the Services.

Select each heading to learn more.

Skills and Education

Managing Expectations

Financial Awareness



Managing Expectations

Financial Awareness

Service Culture

There are major differences between military and civilian cultures. The Services culture is more direct, team focused, hierarchical and 'male' orientated. The civilian culture is less-directive, less hierarchical, individual and 'softer' in comparison.

The language, standards of behaviour and the drinking culture of the Services also stand out as different.

The longer an individual has served, the more powerful these differences can be, and the longer the adjustment process.

Mental Health Issues

Successful Transition

A significant factor in determining successful transition is the person's mind set. The earlier they accept they will be leaving the Armed Forces and begin preparing for it, the greater their chances of success.

Those who understand that the military is a time limited career are more prepared than those who join up and don't consider their lives beyond this. Some individuals join because it's the best option open to them and don't consider what might happen when they return to their previous civilian situation.

The Service leaver needs to take ownership of their resettlement process. This can be difficult for those who have been institutionalised by Service life and may be less able to manage their day-to-day lives..

The MOD offers those who are leaving the Armed Forces a variety of support and services, depending on the individual's length of service and reason for discharge. Click or tap the image below to see what these are.

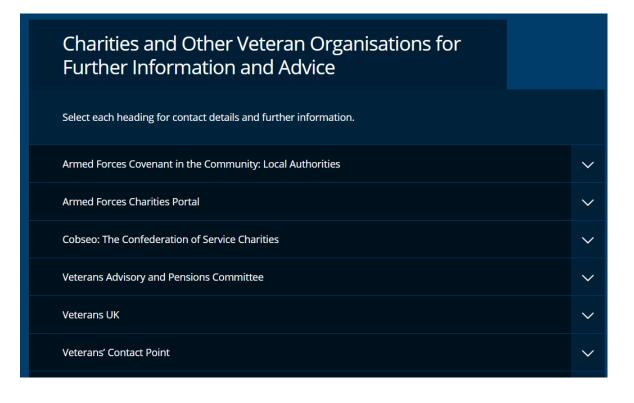
MOD support for personnel leaving the Armed Forces includes:

- support from the Careers Transition Partnership, a career development and outplacement company providing resettlement preparation, training and job finding assistance
- · resettlement training courses focused on civilian roles and qualifications
- time off for training courses
- grants for training and education courses.
- Mental Health 2 videos
- Loss of Identity and Comradeship 2 stories
- Physical Disability 1 story
- Loneliness 1 video



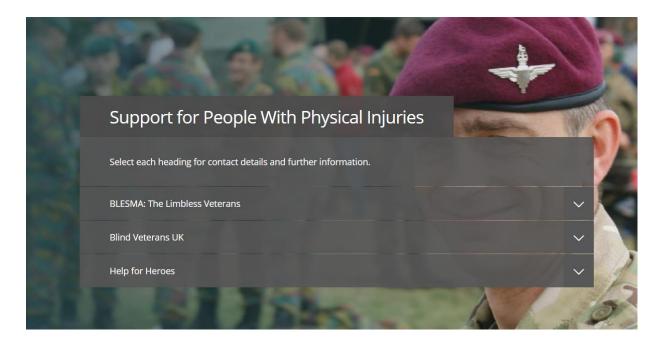
5. Sources of Support

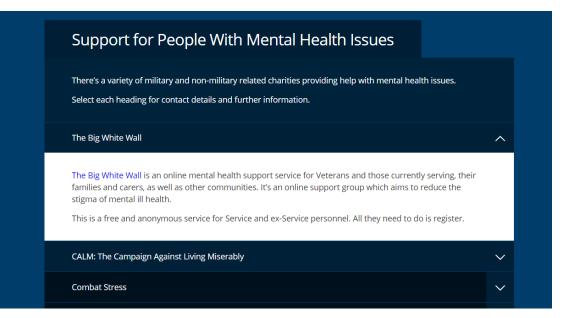
| Sources of Support for the Arr Community | med Forces |
|--|------------|
| Do you know how many military charities exist to suppo Select your answer from the four choices below and see | |
| 57 | 208 |





| | s as an Initial Point of Contact for and Other Needs | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Select each hea | ading for contact details and further information. | |
| Citizens Advice | Bureau | ~ |
| Help for Heroe | 15 | ~ |
| Poppyscotland | | ~ |
| The Royal Britis | sh Legion | ~ |
| SSAFA The Arm | ned Forces Charity | ~ |
| Veterans Assist | t Scotland | ~ |
| AA Veterans Su | upport . | ~ |







- Housing and Homelessness
- Money Advice and Financial Issues
- Employment
- Support for Families

6. Your Local Community



- How Doncaster is playing its part
- What difference has the Covenant made in Doncaster
- How other organisations can get involved
- What you can do to help
- Your Life Doncaster

7. Conclusion

| What is the Armed Forces Covenant? | | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Which of the following statements do you think best describes the Armed Forces Covenant? Choose your answer, then select Submit. | | |
| The Armed Forces Covenant is a promise from the nation ensuring that those who serve or who have served in the Armed Forces, and their families, should be treated with fairness and respect in the communities, economy and society they serve with their lives. | | |
| O The Armed Forces Covenant is a promise from the nation ensuring that those who serve or who have served in the Armed Forces, and their families, are always given priority treatment in terms of housing, health and other services. | | |
| The Armed Forces Covenant is a promise from the government to provide an effective response to all types of emergencies and major crises at national, regional and local level. This means having a pre-planned, coordinated response from the armed forces, emergency services and civil authorities where appropriate. | | |
| Submit | Show feedback | |



Ask the question

Members of the Armed Forces community – Regulars, Reservists, former Armed Forces personnel and their families – will not automatically identify themselves as such, especially if they are in difficulties. Therefore staff in support services and agencies may need to ask the question: "Are you, or have you been, a member of the Armed Forces or are you a dependent of someone who is?"

This opens up the discussion so that you can appreciate some of the issues they may be facing. It will also open up the range of agencies that you may be able to refer them to. However, some people may not wish to identify themselves as ex-Armed Forces and you need to respect that.

What will you do differently?



You've now completed this module. The key point now is to consider what you will do differently back in your organisation now that you've completed this learning.

Take a few minutes to think about you're taking from this learning and what you might do differently back in your workplace as a result. Make a note of your thoughts in the space provided.

When you're ready, select Submit to see some ideas that you could take back to the workplace.

1000 Remaining characters

Make a note of your thoughts here